High Rate Picosecond PhotoDetector or HRPPD Development

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Outline

- The Phase II SBIR is actually entitled:
 - "Large Area Multi-Anode MCP-PMT for High Rate Applications"
 - aka Incom "HRPPD" or the "10 cm device"
- Phase II Technical and Commercialization Goals
 - HRPPD development successes can be applied to 20 cm LAPPD
- Review Phase I research
- Current HRPPD development
- Next plans/pilot production time line



HRPPD Technical & Commercialization Goals

Ultimate Goal

- Demonstrate Pilot Production feasibility of HRPPD devices able to perform at
 - high rates (200 kHz/cm²) in a magnetic field 2-3 Tesla and deliver devices to our collaborators.

Phase I had two primary objectives:

- Fabricate a photodetector with small pore size MCPs, reduced MCP gap spacing, and an unobstructed active area.
- 2. Develop an novel anode for direct signal readout needed to achieve high rates.

Phase II Technical Development

- Ceramic body to fused silica window seal solved
- Development of kit components modified anode, sidewall & internal spacers for gapped high quality MCPs (10 μm pores)
- Sealing trials on fully assembled HRPPD (3 trials to date in existing sealing tanks)
- HRPPD M&T Characterization (**Two new** methodologies for smaller devices: capacitively coupled and direct readout)
- Magnetic field testing First tests (ANL J. Xie) and future (TBD)

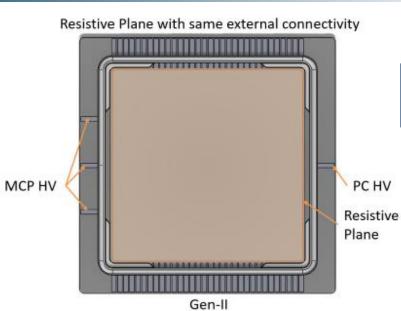
Commercialization Plans

- Time line for HRPPDs: 1st is capacitively coupled, 2nd is co-fired
- New integration and sealing tank for batch production of multiple HRPPDs, (learn from on-going trials in existing tanks).
 - New design to fabricate 4 at a time (lower unit cost)
- Early Collaborator interest
 - Brookhaven, TJNAF, INFN, BELLE II at CERN
- Slow start: We welcomed 4 new Incom Team members!
 - Pandemic based supply chain delays (reduced people resources and long delivery times)
 - Supply availability of quality 10 µm glass capillary array material for MCPs (resolved)

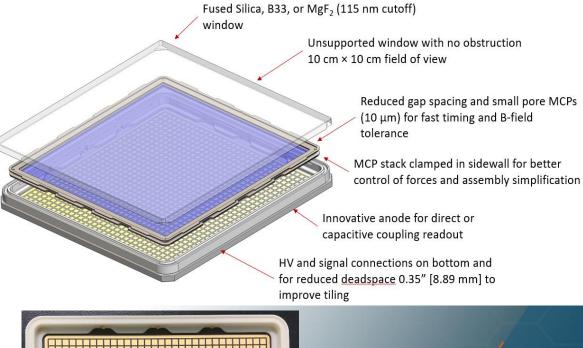
Capacitively coupled model

Phase I Review

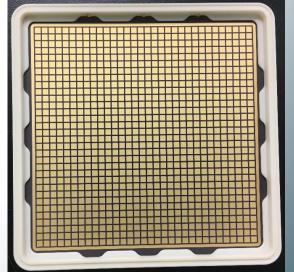
Co-fired model



Two styles for R&D





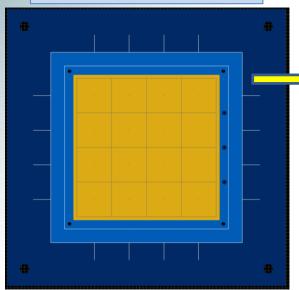




The HRPPD sidewall with MCPs loaded.

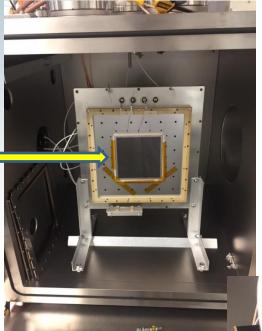


Schematic of the simplified readout board for testing the HRPPD detector





Device testing: Proof of Concept



HRPPD sidewall, MCP, and anode testing.

The MCPs and sidewall were mounted to a

connected to SMA connectors on the back

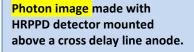
PCB. The PCB has a pixel array directly

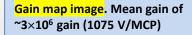
of the board.

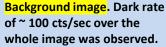
scattered events.

HRPPD sidewall and MCP testing. The MCPs were mounted in HRPPD sidewall.

Imaging was done using a crossdelay line anode.













HRPPD Work Plan Status

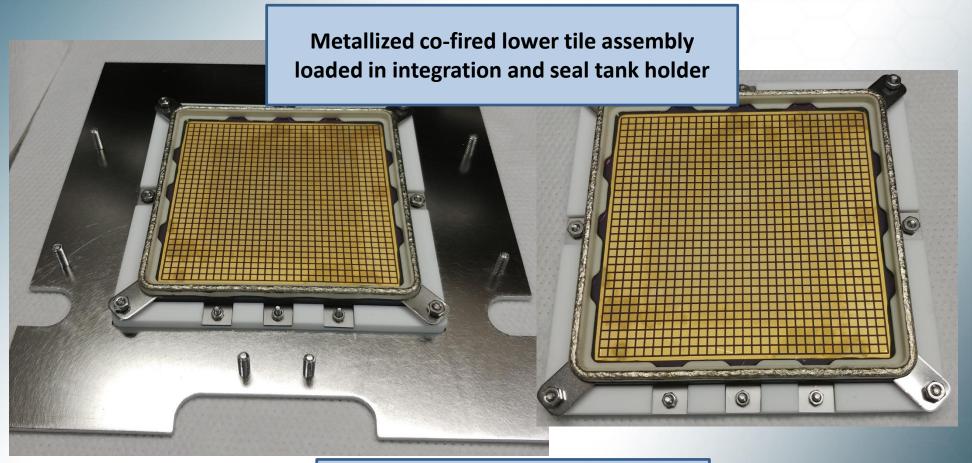
Main focus to date:

- Sealing trials on fully assembled HRPPD (in existing Sealing Tanks)
 - New components in house
- HRPPD M&T Characterization Scheme

Next tasks (in parallel with above):

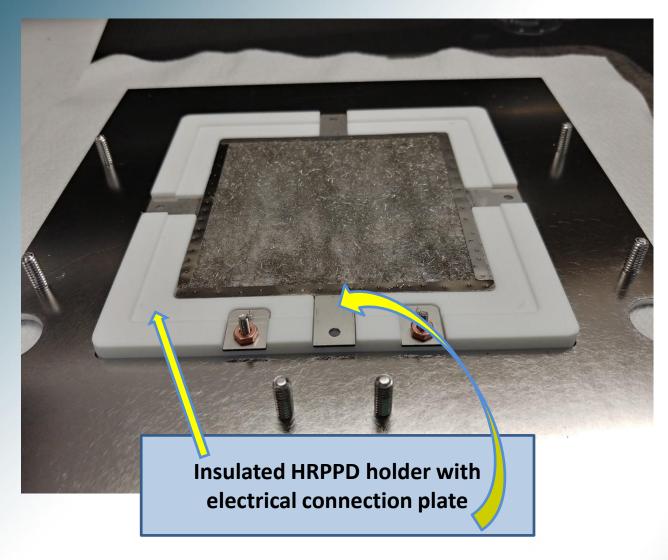
- Magnetic field testing (find a test facility)
- New integration and sealing tank design for HRPPD batch production

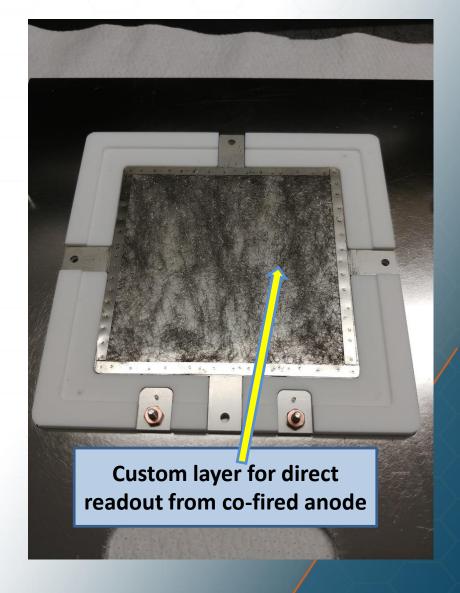






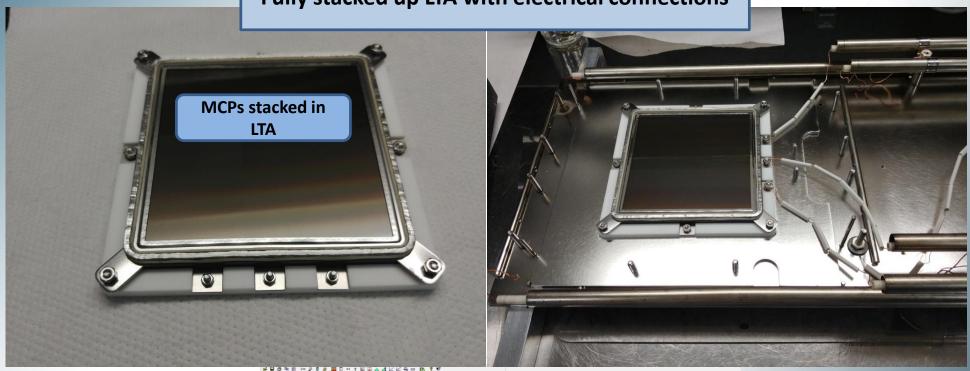
HRPPD loading fixture

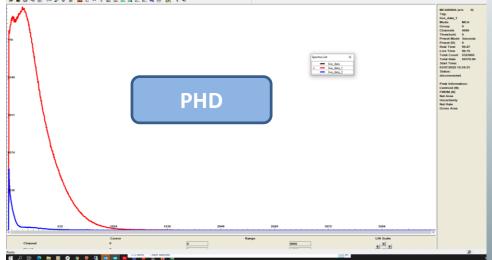






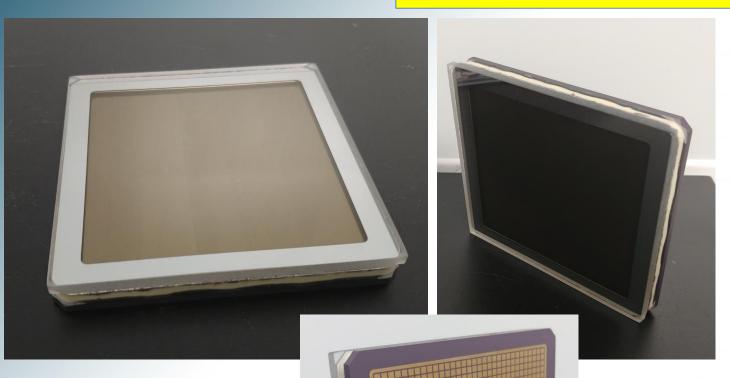
Fully stacked up LTA with electrical connections

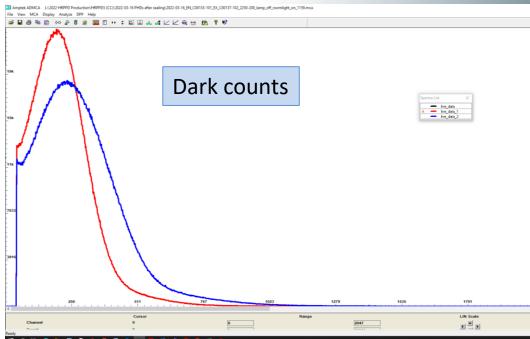






1st Sealed HRPPD



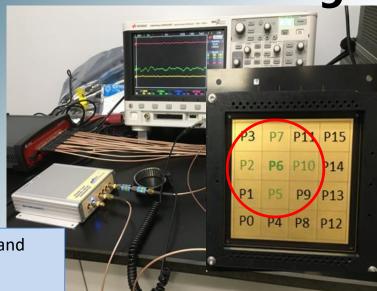


Co-fired anode with 1024 pads @ 2.5 mm sq.

Challenge to find economic way to read all channels



HRPPD Signal Board Test

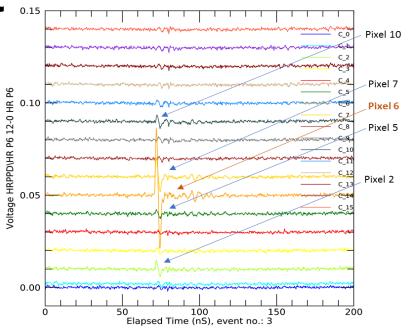


Top - Oscilloscope and 4x4 array of pixels.

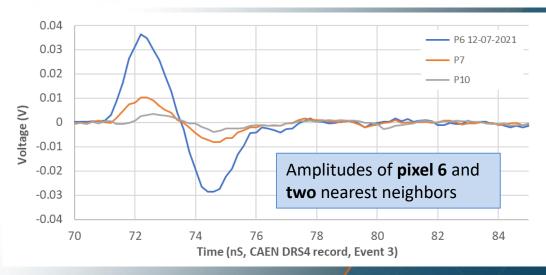
Bottom – SMA connectors on back side of pixel signal board



The pixel responses are shown from a pulse applied to the resistive anode above pixel 6. The nearest neighbors are 2, 5, 7 and 10

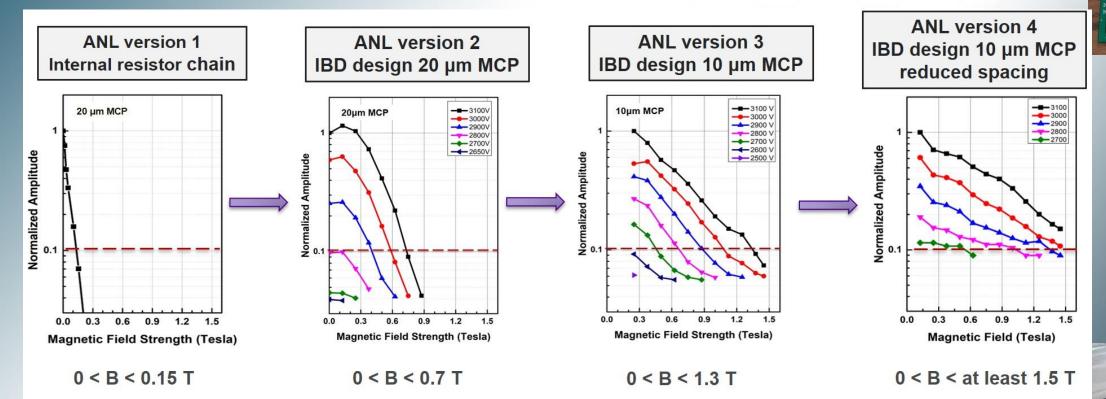


pulse by DRS4 ch HR P6 Event 3 12-7-2021.png





IMPROVEMENT OF ARGONNE MCP-PMT PERFORMANCE IN MAGNETIC FIELD (J. XIE, ANL)

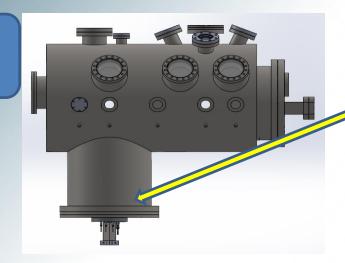


- Optimization of biased voltages: version 1 > 2
- Smaller pore size MCPs: **version 2 > 3**
- Reduced spacing: version 3 > 4
- Further improvement is needed and testing of:
 - 10 μm MCPs in both 20 cm LAPPD and 10 cm HRPPD



Quad Sealing Tank Model

Similar to two existing tanks

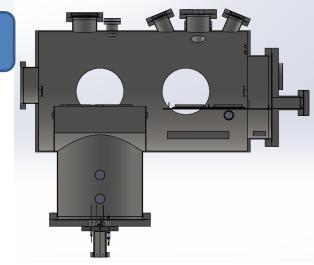


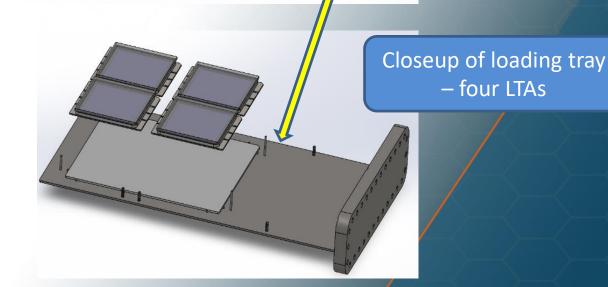
Windows above photocathode chamber

Cutaway – top view four windows &

four lower tile assemblies

Cutaway – side view







Next Plans: HRPPD Fabrication Time Line

- March May '22 (end of 1st year)
 - **Verify new ceramic components:** metallize sidewalls, fuse lower tile assemblies, apply resistive anode layer.
 - Fabricate trials with leftover Phase I components in parallel.
 - Process both capacitively coupled devices and co-fired versions. Several co-fired anodes in house.
 - The target for the first sealed working HRPPDs (capacitively coupled) is May '22.
 - Once Incom tested, these will be made available to the EIC consortium, namely Brookhaven to start.
 - Incom's glass manufacturing team processing 10 μm pore glass capillary array material for HRPPD MCPs.
 - Proper handling and novel processing are key for high quality and yield of the thin (600 μm) GCAs.

Year 2 (May '22 to May '23)

- Fabrication of ceramic capacitively coupled HRPPD will continue (1 to 2 starts/month).
- Co-fired direct readout fabrication is a ^{2nd} priority. (design modifications are anticipated).
 - Measurement & Testing for 1024 direct readout pads will be a challenge.
- Magnetic Field tests (possibly earlier): Start with Baseline LAPPD, then HRPPD.
- All glass version components are ordered: parallel path for success (if needed).
- Currently in discussions with OEM on sealing tank design, pricing and lead time.
 - 50+ weeks lead time and higher costs are anticipated plus time for installation/commissioning at Incom.

Thank you to Offices of DOE NP/HEP and NASA Programs ANY QUESTIONS?

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<u>DOE DE-SC0020578</u>, Phase II - "Large Area Multi-Anode MCP-PMT for High Rate Applications" (HRPPD) being developed for Nuclear Physics

<u>DOE DE-SC0021782</u>, Phase I - "Development of LAPPDs for LHCb ECAL and other High Rate High Radiation Applications" being developed for Nuclear Physics

DOE DE-SC0017929, Phase II- "High Gain MCP ALD Film" (Alternative SEE Materials)

DOE DE-SC0018778, Phase II "ALD-GCA-MCPs with Low Thermal Coefficient of Resistance"

DOE DE-SC0019821, Phase II- Development of Advanced Photocathodes for LAPPDs

<u>DOE. DE-SCOO15267</u>, NP Phase IIA - "Development of Gen-II LAPPDTM Systems For Nuclear Physics Experiments" (Complete)

DOE DE-SC0021437, Phase I: "High Fluence Anode Design" being developed for Nuclear Physics (Complete)

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